## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME

## MAXIMUM MARK: 100

## MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

## Types of mark

M - Method marks are given for a correct method.
A - Accuracy marks are given for an accurate answer following a correct method.
B - B marks are given for a correct statement or step, independent of method marks.

## Abbreviations

ag answer given
art answer rounds to
cao correct answer only
dep dependent
ft follow through after error
isw ignore subsequent working
oe or equivalent
sc special case
soi seen or implied
www without wrong working

| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(i) | 37.5[\%] | 2 | M1 for $5.5 \div(240 \div 60)$ soi by 1.375 Or B1 for either 90 or figs 15 seen |
| 1(a)(ii) | 73.5[0] | 2 | M1 for <br> $45 \times 5.5+(60-45) \times 5.5 \times 0.8$ oe <br> Or B1 for 247.5 seen or for 66 seen |
| 1(a)(iii) | 208.7[0] or 209 | 2 | M1 for $240 \div 1.15$ oe |
| 1(a)(iv) | 2852.92 | 3 | M2 for $2500 \times\left(1+\frac{4.5}{100}\right)^{3}$ oe Or M1 for $2500 \times\left(1+\frac{4.5}{100}\right)^{k}$ oe where $k>1$ |
| 1(b) | 1.21875 to 1.22 | 2 | M1 for $0.78 \div 0.64$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 2(a)(i) | 6 correct plots | $\mathbf{2}$ | P1 for 4 or 5 correct plots |
| 2(a)(ii) | Positive | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 2(a)(iii) | Line of best fit | $\mathbf{1}$ | Ruled line at least from $x=5$ to $x=48$, <br> with at least 3 points on each side and <br> drawn so would cut axis between $(5,0)$ <br> and $(0,20)$ |
| 2(a)(iv) | Physics (integer) value on line at $\mathrm{M}=22$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Strict ft from their single ruled line <br> $5 \leqslant x \leqslant 48$. |
| 2(b) | 45 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 2(c) | $(26+39+35+28+9+37+45+33+$ <br> $16+12) \div 10$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 2(d) | 46 cao | $\mathbf{3}$ | M2 for <br> $(31 \times 12-28 \times 10) \div 2$ soi by $92 \div 2$ <br> Or M1 for $31 \times 12$ soi by 372 or 93 |
| 2(e) | $\frac{1}{15}$ oe | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for <br> $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{9}$ or for $\frac{k}{10} \times \frac{k-1}{9}$ with $k \geqslant 2$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 3(a)(i) | Correct triangle | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 for two correct vertices or triangle <br> correct size and orientation |
| 3(a)(ii) | Correct triangle | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 for two correct vertices or triangle <br> correct size and orientation |
| 3(a)(iii) | Complete description www | $\mathbf{3}$ | B1 for Rotation <br> B1 for either 90 anticlockwise or <br> (entre $(0,3)$ |
| 3(b) | $y=x+5$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 for either $y=x+k, k \neq 5$ <br> or for $y=m x+5, m \neq 0$ or 1 |
| 3(c) | $y=-x$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a)(i) | $68.7^{\circ}$ | 2 | M1 for $\tan A=\frac{18}{7}$ |
| 4(a)(ii) | 257 to 257.5 | 4 | M1 for $\tan 55=\frac{18}{D E}$ <br> A1 for $D E=12.6$ to 12.61 cm <br> M1 ft for $\frac{1}{2}(9+7+$ their 12.6$) \times 18$ or <br> for a complete alternative method |
| 4(b) | $26^{\circ}$ | 2 | M1 for 41.5 or 112.5 used |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $5(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i})$ | $2^{2} \times 3 \times 7$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 5(a)(ii) | 72 | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for either $[504=] 2^{3} \times 3^{2} \times 7 \quad$ soi <br> or answer $8 \times 9$ oe |
| $5(\mathrm{~b})(\mathrm{i})$ | 11 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 5(b)(ii)(a) | $4,8,12,16$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 5(b)(ii)(b) | $x$ is a multiple of 4 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 5(c) | 21 | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{P} \cup \mathrm{F})^{\prime}=12$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 6(a)(i) | -8.5 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 6(a)(ii) | 8 points correctly plotted and joined with <br> a smooth curve on correct axes | $\mathbf{3}$ | B1 for correct scale <br> B1 for 6 or 7 given table points correctly <br> plotted on their axes <br> B1 for smooth curve through all 8 points <br> on their consistent axes |
| 6(a)(iii) | $2.5-6.5$ (dep on tangent soi) | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for tangent at $x=1.5$ soi |
| 6(a)(iv) | -0.85 to -0.95 | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for $y=1$ soi |
| 6(b)(i) | $p=1.2$ <br> $q=0.5$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 for $\mathrm{p}=1.2, \mathbf{B 1}$ for $\mathrm{q}=0.5 \quad$ ft |
| 6(b)(ii) | $-\frac{4}{5}$ oe | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 ft for $\frac{-2}{3-\text { their } q} \quad$ oe |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $7(\mathrm{a})$ | $x=-4$ cao | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 $\pm 2 x=$ or $\pm 8=$ |
| $7(\mathrm{~b})$ | $x=1.5, y=-3$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | B2 for 1 correct value www <br> Or B1 for pair of values satisfying either <br> equation |
| $7(\mathrm{c})$ | $\frac{10 p-29}{(p+2)(2 p-3)}$ final answer | $\mathbf{3}$ | M1 $\frac{7(2 p-3)-4(p+2)}{(p+2)(2 p-3)}$ <br> B1 for $14 p-21-4 p-8$ |
| $7(\mathrm{~d})$ | $\frac{y+3}{2 y+5}$ final ansween | $\mathbf{3}$ | M1 for $(y+3)(y-3)$ seen <br> M1 for $(2 y+5)(y-3)$ seen |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a)(i) | $\begin{aligned} & E C=B E \text { or } A C=F E \text { and } \\ & \angle A E C=\angle F B E \text { or } \angle E C A=\angle B E F \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  |
|  | Two correct reasons for their choices e.g. $E C=B E$; radii $A C=F E$; diameters <br> $\angle A E C=\angle F B E\left[=90^{\circ}\right]$; angle in semicircle $\angle E C A=\angle B E F\left[=60^{\circ}\right]$; equilateral triangle | B1 |  |
|  | Third statement, leading to correct congruence condition i.e. RHS, SAS, SSA | B1 |  |
| 8(a)(ii) | BFD | 1 |  |
| 8(a)(iii) | $\angle E B F=\angle D F B=90^{\circ}$ <br> Cointerior/interior/supplementary/allied angles [sum to 180] dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | Both $90^{\circ}$ could be marked on diagram |
|  | OR $\angle B E F=\angle E F D=60^{\circ}$ <br> Alternate angles [are equal] dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | Both $60^{\circ}$ could be marked on diagram |
|  | Available marks | 2 |  |
| 8(b)(i) | 6.126 to 6.13 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4 \sin 130$ or $\frac{1}{2} P Q \times$ perpendicular height (numerical) |
| 8(b)(ii) | 38.2 to 38.3 | 3 | M1 for $\frac{(360-130)}{360} \times \pi \times 4^{2} \text { soi by } 32.11$ <br> or $\frac{130}{360} \times \pi \times 4^{2}$ soi by 18.15 <br> And M1 ft for 'their major sector area' + 'their triangle area' or for 'their circle area' - 'their minor sector area' + 'their triangle area' |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(a) | $\frac{320}{x}$ isw | 1 |  |
| 9(b) | $2 x^{2}+5 x-20(=0)$ correctly found | 3 | Alternative method 1: <br> M1 for $($ car speed $=) \frac{320}{x+2.5} \quad$ oe and M1 for their $\frac{320}{x}-\frac{320}{x+2.5}=80 \quad$ oe Alternative method 2: <br> M1 for $\left(\right.$ car speed $=$ ) their $\frac{320}{x}-80$ or $($ car distance $=) x+2.5$ and M1 for $320=\left(\right.$ their $\left.\frac{320}{x}-80\right)(x+2.5)$ oe |
| 9(c) | $2.15-4.65$ | 3 | B1 for $\sqrt{5^{2}-4 \times 2 \times(-20)}$ soi and B1 for $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{\text { their } 185}}{2 \times 2}$ soi If $\mathbf{B 1}$ or $\mathbf{B 0}$ at this stage, allow M1 for both values of $\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{r}$ |
| 9(d) | 69 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{320}{\text { their positive } x+2.5}$ oe or $\frac{320}{\text { their positive } x}-80$ oe |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(a)(i) | $\frac{5 \sin 65}{\sin 65-\sin 45}$ correctly obtained | 3 | M1 for $\frac{B C}{\sin 65}=\frac{A C}{\sin 45}$ oe soi and $\mathbf{B 1}$ for $A C=B C-5$ oe |
| 10(a)(ii) | 22.7 to 22.75 | 1 |  |
| 10(b)(i) | $-\frac{11}{40}$ isw | 3 | M2 for $13^{2}=6^{2}+10^{2}-2 \times 6 \times 10 \times \cos P R Q$ <br> Or M1 for $13^{2}=6^{2}+10^{2} \pm(2) \times 6 \times 10 \times \cos P R Q$ <br> A1 for $\frac{33}{120}$ or for $-\frac{33}{60}$ |
| 10(b)(ii) | $\frac{11}{40} \mathrm{ft}$ | 1 |  |

